

Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.

4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

Supplemental Labeling

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

SILENCER®

EPA Reg. No. 66222-104

SUPPLEMENTAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON RICE; WILD RICE; CUCURBIT VEGETABLES; GRASS FORAGE, FODDER, AND HAY; OAT, BARLEY, BUCKWHEAT AND RYE; PISTACHIO; AND TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product inconsistent with its labeling.
- This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.
- Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, Worker Protection Standard requirements, and precautions on the EPA registered label.
- These new uses can be found on the EPA stamped label for Silencer (66222-104) dated 11-20-08.

CROP USE RECOMMENDATIONS AGRICULTURAL USES

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE		REMARKS
CRUP	IARGET PESIS			KEWIAKNO
CEREAL GRAINS: Rice Wild Rice	Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid Chinch Bug Fall Armyworm Grasshopper spp. Greenbug Leafhopper spp. Rice Stink Bug Rice Water Weevil (Adult) Riceworm Sharpshooter spp. True Armyworm Yellow Sugarcane Aphid Yellow-striped Armyworm	Ib. a.i./A 0.025-0.04	fl. oz./A 3.20-5.12	Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gals. per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Air application: Mixers/loaders supporting aerial applications to wild rice at a rate of 0.04 a.i./A, and treating 1200 acres (or more) per day must wear dust/mist respirator. Apply in a minimum of 2 gals. per acre in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Adding 1 pint per acre of an emulsifiable crop oil will help improve coverage, reduce evaporation, and improve efficacy. Monitoring of insect populations should be used to determine timing and frequency of applications. Scout fields at a minimum of 5 day intervals. Make applications when pests appear and repeat applications as necessary, usually at intervals of 5-7 days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage. Silencer can be safely used when propanil products are being used for weed control. (continued)

W A W A				
CEREAL GRAINS: Rice Wild Rice (continued)	European Corn Borer¹ Mexican Rice Borer¹ Rice Seed Midge¹ Rice Stalk Borer¹ Sugarcane Borer¹	0.03-0.04	3.84-5.12	Rice Water Weevil: In dry seeded rice, make a foliar application as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars usually within 0-5 days after permanent flood establishment. Do not exceed 10 days from starting permanent flood until insecticide application unless scouting indicates weevils have not been previously present. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations. In water seeded rice, make the first foliar application after pinpoint flood as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars usually when rice has emerged 0.5 inch above the waterline. Under conditions of prolonged migration into the field, start field scouting for rice water weevil adults and/or feeding scars 3-5 days after the initial treatment and, if needed, apply a second application within 7-10 days of the first application. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations. California: In addition to above directions, for control of rice water weevil in water seeded rice, Silencer may be applied at the 1- to 3-leaf growth stage. Adults are vulnerable on levees and in the water. Larvae are vulnerable while feeding on the leaf prior to entering the soil. Monitor for adults based upon field history and density of population. Monitor field edges and levee areas for adults. Treat in the following manner: a) spray the inside perimeter of the field, or b) spray the entire field. Green Bug: Known to have many biotypes, Silencer may only provide suppression. If satisfactory control is not achieved, a resistant biotype may be present. Use alternate chemistry for control. For control of stem borers, scout fields, when rice growth is near panicle differentiation, for early symptoms of damaging populations
				suppression. If satisfactory control is not achieved, a resistant biotype may be present. Use alternate chemistry for control. For control of stem borers, scout fields, when rice growth is near panicle differentiation, for early



CEREAL GRAINS: Rice Wild Rice (continued)	panicle for partial control. Make the second application at boot to heading for maximum control. All rice varieties are susceptible to stem borer damage, but Cocodrie and Priscilla are particularly susceptible. 1 For control before the larvae bores into the plant stalk.
	 Do not release floodwater within 7 days of an application. Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pt.) per acre per season. Do not apply more than 0.04 lb a.i. (0.32 pt.) per acre within 21 to 27 days of harvest. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest. Do not use treated rice fields for the aquaculture of edible fish and crustacea. Do not apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray.

CEREAL				REMARKS	
CEREAL		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A	<u>-</u>	
GRAINS:	Army Cutworm Cutworm spp.	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full	
Barley Buckweat Oats Rye Triticale Wheat Wheat Hay	Armyworm Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid¹ Cereal Leaf Beetle English Grain Aphid¹ Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle spp. Grasshopper spp. Hessian fly⁴ Orange Blossom Wheat Midge Russian Wheat Aphid¹ Stink Bug spp. Yellow-striped Armyworm	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	coverage of the foliage or target area. Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals. per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Make applications when pests appear and repeat applications as necessary, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.	
	Grass Sawfly	0.025-0.03	3.20-3.84	Chinch Bug: Repeat applications at 3	
	Chinch Bug Corn Leaf Aphid ² Greenbug ^{1,3} Mite spp. ²	0.03	3.84	Chinch Bug: Repeat applications at 3 to 5 day intervals if needed. Silencer may only suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations. Green Bug: Known to have many biotypes, Silencer may only provide suppression. If satisfactory control is not achieved, a resistant biotype may be present. Use alternate chemistry for control. Best control is obtained before insects begin to roll leaves. Once wheat has started to boot, Silencer may provide suppression only. Higher rates and increased coverage will be necessary. Suppression only. See resistance statement under GENERAL INFORMATION. Make applications when adults emerge.	
	 Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated wheat forage as feed for meat or dai animals within 7 days after treatment. Do not feed treated straw to meat or dairy animals within 30 day after the last treatment. Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (0.48 pt.) per acre per season. 				

COLE CROPS	Alfalfa Looper	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in
Head and stem	Cabbage Looper			sufficient spray volume to obtain full
brassica crop	Cabbage Webworm			coverage of the foliage or target area.
group including:	Cutworm spp.			Air application: Apply in a minimum
Broccoli	Imported Cabbageworm			of 2 gals, per acre or sufficient spray
Brussels Sprouts	Southern Cabbageworm			volume to obtain full coverage of the
Cabbage	Aphid spp. ^{2,3}	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	foliage or target area.
Cavalo Broccolo	Armyworm			Make applications when pests appear
Cauliflower	Beet Armyworm ^{1,3}			and repeat applications as necessary,
Chinese Broccoli	Corn Earworm			usually at intervals of 5 or more days.
(gai lon)	Diamondback Moth ³			Apply in sufficient volume to ensure
Chinese Cabbage	Fall Armyworm ¹			sufficient coverage of foliage.
(napa)	Flea Beetle spp.			¹ For control of first and second instar
Chinese Mustard	Grasshopper spp.			only.
Cabbage (gai	Japanese Beetle (Adult)			² Suppression only.
choy)	Leafhopper spp.			³ See resistance statement under
Kohlrabi	Meadow Spittlebug			GENERAL INFORMATION.
	Plant Bug spp. including			
	Lygus spp. ³			
	Spider Mite spp. ²			
	Stink Bug spp.			
	Thrips spp. ²			
	Vegetable Weevil (Adult)			
	Whitefly spp. ^{2,3}			
	Yellow-striped Armyworm			
	 Do not apply within 1 day of 	harvest.		
	 Do not apply more than 0.24 	4 lb.a.i. (1.92 pts.) ر	oer acre per seaso	on.



	lb. a.i./A		REMARKS	
	ID. a.i./A	fl. oz./A	7	
rmy Cutworm utworm spp. ssex Skipper ange Caterpillar triped Grass Looper	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Ground application: Apply in sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Air application: Apply in a	
Beet Armyworm Billbug spp. ³ Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid ¹ Black Grass Bug	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	minimum of 2 gals. per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.	
ack Turfgrass Beetle Adult) ue Stem Midge ereal Leaf Beetle hinch Bug			Monitoring of insect populations should be used to determine timing and frequency of applications. Scout fields at a minimum of 5 day intervals.	
rane Fly spp. ricket spp. nglish Grain Aphid ¹			Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.	
all Armyworm ea Beetle spp. rass Mealybug rass Sawfly (Adult) rasshopper spp.			Chinch bugs: Silencer may only suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations. In this situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.	
reen June Beetle Adult) reenbug ^{1, 2} apanese Beetle dult) atydid spp.			Greenbug: Greenburg is known to have many biotypes. Silencer may provide suppression only. In this situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.	
eafhopper spp. ite sp. ussian Wheat Aphid ¹ buthern Armyworm bittlebug spp. iink Bug spp. ugarcane Aphid			Pasture and rangeland grass: May be used for grazing or cut for forage 0 days after application. Do not cut grass to be dried and harvested for hay until 7 days after the last application.	
agate to Aprilo nrips spp. rue Armyworm rebworm spp. ellowstriped Armyworm			Grass grown for seed: Straw and mature seed (seed screenings) may be used as feed 7 days after the last ¹ Best control is obtained before insects begin to roll leaves. ² See resistance statement under GENERAL INFORMATION. ³ Suppression only.	
rangeland and grass	ses grown for seed	. A minimum re-tr	reatment interval (RTI) of 30 days is	
ell	Do not apply more the rangeland and grass required for pastures applications.	Do not apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (0.03 rangeland and grasses grown for seed required for pastures and rangeland reapplications.	owstriped myworm Do not apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (0.24 pts. of product rangeland and grasses grown for seed. A minimum re-tr required for pastures and rangeland receiving 0.03 lb. a.	



CROP	TARGET PESTS	RA	REMARKS	
-		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A	
CUCURBIT	Armyworm spp. ¹	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	Ground application:
VEGETABLES CROP	Blister Beetle spp.			Apply in a minimum of
GROUP	Cabbage Looper			10 gals. per acre or
Including:	Corn Earworm			sufficient spray volume
Chayote (fruit)	Cricket spp.			to obtain full coverage
Chinese Waxgourd	Cucumber Beetle spp.			of the foliage or target
(Chinese preserving	(adults)			area.
melon) Citron Melon	Cutworm spp.			Air application: Apply
Cucumber	Flea Beetle spp.			in a minimum of 2 gals.
Gherkin	Grasshopper spp.			per acre or sufficient
Gourd (edible)	June Beetle spp.			spray volume to obtain
Lagenaria spp. –	Leaffooted Bug			full coverage of the
Includes:	Leafhopper spp.			foliage or target area.
hyotan, cucuzza	Lygus Bug spp.1			Monitoring of insect
Luffa acutangula, Includes:	Melonworm			populations should be
hechima, Chinese	Pickleworm			used to determine
okra	Plant Bug spp.			timing and frequency of
Momordica spp	Rindworm spp.			applications. Scout
Includes:	complex			fields at a minimum of 5
balsam apple,	Saltmarsh Caterpillar			day intervals.
balsam pear,	Squash Beetle			
bitter melon, Chinese cucumber	Squash Bug spp.			Apply in sufficient
Muskmelon	Squash Vine Borer			volume to ensure
(hybrids and/or	spp.			sufficient coverage of
cultivars of	Stink Bug spp.			foliage.
Cucumis melo) –	Thrips spp. 1,2			Insects that bore or
Includes:	Tobacco Budworm ¹			tunnel into leaves,
true cantaloupe, cantaloupe,	Webworm spp.			vines, stems or fruit
casaba,				must be controlled
crenshaw melon,				before penetration. Only
golden pershaw				exposed insects (larvae
melon				and/or adults) can be
honeydew melon,				controlled with foliar
honey balls, mango melon				applications of Silencer.
Persian melon,				¹ See resistance
pineapple melon,				statement under
Santa Claus melon,				General Directions for
snake melon				Use.
Pumpkin				² Does not include
Squash, summer				Western Flower
(Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) –				Thrips.
includes:				³ Suppression only.
crookneck squash,				2.555.5
straightneck squash,	1	0.77		
vegetable marrow,	Aphid spp. ¹	0.03	3.84	
zucchini Squash, winter	Leafminer spp. 1,3			
(Cucurbita maxima,	Spider Mite spp. 3			
C. moschata) –	Whitefly spp. 1,3			
includes:		an 0.18 lb a.i. (1.44 pts of p	product) per season.	
butternut squash,	 Do not apply within 1 	day of harvest.		
calabaza,				
hubbard squash				
(C. mixta; C. pepo) – Includes:				
acorn squash,				
spaghetti squash				
Watermelon – includes:				
Hybrids and/or				
varieties of Citrulius				
lanatus				



CROP	TARGET PESTS	RA	TE	REMARKS
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A	
TREE NUTS CROP GROUP Including: Almond Beech Nut Brazil Nut Butternut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin Filbert (Hazlenut) Hickory Nut Macadamia Nut (Bush Nut) Pistachio Walnut, Black Walnut, English (Persian)	Ants Chinch Bug Codling Moth Filbertworm Leaffooted Bug Leafroller spp. Navel Orangeworm Peach Twig Borer Plant Bug spp. Stink Bug spp. Walnut Aphid Walnut Husk Fly spp. (Adult)	0.02-0.04	2.56-5.12	Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 50 gals. per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Air application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gals. per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Make applications when pests appear and repeat applications as necessary, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.
Pecan	Hickory Shuckworm Pecan Casebearer spp. Pecan Weevil Pecan Aphid spp. Pecan Spittlebug Stink bug spp. Pecan Phylloxera spp. Do not apply within 14 day Do not apply more than 0.	16 lb. a.i. (1.28 pts		



Supplemental Labeling

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE		REMARKS
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A	7
TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES CROP GROUP Including: Arracacha Arrowroot Artichoke (Chinese	Cutworm spp. Leafhopper spp. Saltmarsh Caterpillar Sweet Potato Hornworm Woolybear Caterpillar spp. Aphid species 1	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20 2.56-3.84	Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gals. per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Air application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gals. per acre or
and .Jerusalem only) Canna (edible) Cassava (bitter and sweet) Chayote (root) Chufa Dasheen Ginger Leren Potato Sweet Potato Tanier Turmeric Yam (bean and true)	Armyworm spp. ¹ Blister Beetle spp. Colorado Potato Beetle ¹ Corn Earworm Cricket spp. Cucumber Beetle spp. (adults) European Corn Borer Flea Beetle spp. (adults) Grasshopper spp. Looper spp. ¹ Lygus Bug spp. ¹ Plant Bug spp. Potato Psyllid Potato Tuberworm Stink Bug spp. Sweet Potato Leaf Beetle (adults) Swet Potato Vine Borer Thrips spp. ^{1,2} Tortoise Beetle spp. Webworm spp. Weevil spp. (adults)			
	Leafminer spp. ^{1,3} Whitefly spp. ^{1,3} Spider Mite spp. ³	0.03	3.84	
	Do not apply more than 0 Do not apply within 7 day		per acre per yea	ar per season.

Silencer® is a registered trademark of Makhteshim Chemical Works Ltd.

Silencer (66222-104)(EPA app 11-20-08) (NY app 4-10-09)(CA app 4-8-09)